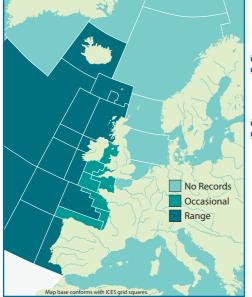


## SCIENTIFIC NAME

Deania calcea (Lowe, 1839).

# **DISTRIBUTION**

Patchy distribution worldwide. East Atlantic from Iceland to Mauritania, possibly to Senegal and Namibiai.



# COMMON NAME

BIRDBEAK DOGFISH, Brier Shark, Shovelnose Spiny Dogfish, Squale Savate (Fr), Tollo Pajarito (Es).

## ) IDENTIFICATION

- 1 Extremely long snout.
- 2 First dorsal fin low with extended base.
- 3 Second dorsal spine much larger then first.
- 4 No anal fini.

## COLOUR

- Uniform grey brown.
- No pattern or markings on finsi.

## BIOLOGY AND SIZE

- Birth: 30 cm. Mature: 100cm ♀, 80cm ♂. Max TL: 122cmii.
- Ovoviviparous species, litters of 6-12 pups have been recordedii.
- Feeds predominantly on fish (>80%) with some cephalopods and few crustaceansiii.









# **Birdbeak Dogfish**

# TEETH



# SIMILAR SPECIES



Deania calcea, Birdbeak Dogfish



Deania profundorum, Arrowhead Dogfish



Deania hystricosa, Rough Longnose Dogfish



Centroselachus crepidater, Longnose Velvet Dogfish

# ) HANDLING

- Handle with care.
- Large dorsal spines.
- Sharp teeth.
- Abrasive skin.

# REFERENCES

- i. Compagno, L. J. V; 1984. FAO.
- ii Compagno, L. J. V. et al; 2005. HarperCollins Publishers
- iii. Cortés, E; 1999. ICES JMS.
- iv. Stevens. J: 2003. IUCN Red List.

## ) HABITAT

- 70–1,450m. In Australia, catch rates highest around 600–1.100m.
- There appears to be some segregation by size and sex.
- Usually found demersally but diet suggests it feeds in the water column<sup>ii</sup>.

## CONSERVATION STATUS

- Currently no quantitative data on population trends.
  Vulnerable to fishing pressure due to late maturity, lengthy gestation period and few young<sup>ii</sup>.
- Red List status: Least Concern (2003).
  Vulnerable in the northeast Atlantic.

# COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE

- Mainly a bycatch species in trawl and longline fisheries
- Targeted in some places, particularly Australia, for its liver oil.
- Flesh sometimes used for human consumption and carcasses can be processed for fishmeal<sup>ii</sup>.
- 2010 Subject to a zero TAC in EU waters.

#### DERMAL DENTICLES

